



Public Meeting Information

Asian Citrus Psyllid Control Program



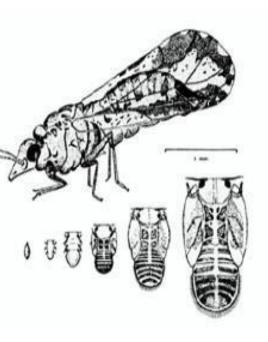
CDFA REPORT A PEST HOTLINE: 1.800.491.1899 www.cdfa.ca.gov/go/reportapest

ACP Lifecycle



Asian Citrus Psyllid Lifecycle

- Eggs laid singly
- 5 nymphal stages
- 10 generations / year
- Life cycle takes 15-47 days
- Egg to adult in 2 weeks at 75-80º F



Asian Citrus Psyllid Life Stages





Eggs



Adult ACP



Adult feeding with nymphs

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Huanglongbing or Citrus Greening Disease





Lopsided fruit with aborted seeds





Asymmetric leaf mottling

Huanglongbing (HLB), also known as Citrus Greening Disease or Yellow Shoot Disease, is a very destructive bacterial disease of citrus and citrus relatives. It is spread primarily by psyllid insect vectors and through grafting with infected budwood. HLB represents a serious threat to the citrus industry worldwide and especially in California. Three separate strains of HLB have been discovered and identified: Asian, African (South Africa) and South American (Brazil).

Symptoms include yellow shoots, leaf mottle, small upright leaves and lopsided fruits with a bitter flavor. There is no known control or cure for this disease once a tree becomes infected. Diseased trees are non-productive, have a shortened lifespan and must be removed and destroyed to prevent further spread of HLB.

This disease is spread readily by the Asian citrus psyllid (*Diaphorina citri*), which is widespread in Florida, Texas, Hawaii, Southern California and Mexico. The insect vector (both adults and nymphs) feed on the new growth flush. Orange jasmine (*Murraya paniculata*), an ornamental citrus relative, is the preferred host for the psyllid, although all Citrus species are hosts. The Asian strain of HLB was discovered for the first time in August 2005 in Florida, in Texas in February 2012 and in Southern California in March 2012. The first HLB infected citrus tree in California (a pummelo, grafted on lemon) was found in Hacienda Heights, Los Angeles County.

If you suspect you have citrus with HLB disease – based on the presence of the symptoms described or of the insect vector – please contact the California Department of Food and Agriculture at 1-800-491-1899.



Blotchy mottle





YellowVeins



Environmental Monitoring



To ensure protection of human health and the environment, the CDFA has contracted with DPR to oversee environmental monitoring of treatment projects.

- Sampling media include air, leaf, soil, tank, and water.
- Samples are collected before and after treatment in order to analyze the amount of product residue.

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Survey

CDFA staff will survey the area for Asian citrus psyllid and Huanglongbing diseasesymptoms.





- The surveyor will collect leaf samples from each host plant on the property and any life stages of the ACP that they find.
- Host plants include all citrus varieties and hybrids, including kumquat, mandarin, grapefruit, orange, lemon and lime; also including closely related plants like curry leaf and ornamental orange-jasmine.
- All plant samples are bagged and shipped to the CDFA Laboratory in Sacramento, California for analysis.
- If the sample is confirmed positive for the HLB disease, the resident will benotified.



PESTHOTLINE: 1.800.491.1899

Treatment



CDFA will be treating infested areas to eradicate the Asian citrus psyllid.









Treatment will be made by a professional applicator and CDFA staff.







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Tree Removal

- A tree that is confirmed by CDFA as positive for the bacteria that causes Huanglongbing will decline in health and die.
 - It might appear healthy now, but the disease is damaging the trees vascular system and causing the tree to starve for nutrients.
 - The diseased tree is considered a nuisance as it poses a threat to citrus trees in the surrounding community.
- There is no cure for HLB, and all confirmed positive trees must be removed.
 - CDFA will take great care with the residential property while conducting the tree removal.

PESTHOTLINE: 1.800.491.1899









Active Ingredients

The Asian citrus psyllid (ACP) treatment program uses products containing imidacloprid and beta-cyfluthrin as active ingredients. The products used by CDFA are the same formulation as products that can be purchased at local home andgarden centers.

Imidacloprid is a nicotine-based insecticide, in a group of chemicals called neonicotinoids. It is available in a variety of home garden use products and flea treatments for dogs and cats.

Beta-cyfluthrin is a synthetic pyrethroid insecticide similar to the natural pyrethrins produced by chrysanthemum flowers. Pyrethroids are one of the most common household insecticides used today. Beta-cyfluthrin products are used in homes, restaurants, hospitals, food processing plants and gardens.







From a Local Home Improvement Store

Beta-Cyfluthrin Product, Imidacloprid Product, Pyrethroid Product



Biocontrol

Biological Control Method

- Use of natural enemies to suppress and control populations of invasive pests.
- *Tamarixia radiata* identified as ideal biocontrol agent for Asian citrus psyllid.
- Biocontrol is part of the Integrated Pest Management plan for Asian citrus psyllid.



Biocontrol Rearing Process





Biocontrol Releases





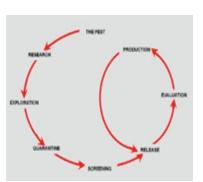
Tamarixia Radiata



Biocontrol Rearing Facilities



Asian CitrusPsyllid



PESTHOTLINE: 1.800.491.1899



Protecting Pollinators

Protecting native bees and managed hives is an important consideration in agricultural officials' efforts to protect our food supply and environment from invasive pests like the Asian citrus psyllid.

- The Program follows all pesticide labels and bee safe label language.
- Program staff actively look for foraging bees.
- Treatment activities are not conducted if bees are actively foraging on host plants to be treated.
- When bees are present the treatment will be rescheduled for a time when bees are not active, like early morning.

PEST HOTLINE: 1.800.491.1899





When bees are present, we reschedule treatment for early morning when bees are dormant.



Moreinfo online at www.cdfa.ca.gov/plant/pollinators



CITRUS PEST & DISEASE PREVENTION DIVISION CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

Notifications

Properties will be notified at least 48 hours in advance with a pink notification.

	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AN COUNTY AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIO		cdfa 🛤	
	OFFICIAL NOTICE			
	ADVANCE NOTICE OF INSECTICIDE	TREATMENT		
serious insect po determined that and economic in spread of these cyfluthrin), a py located on your p or host shrubs. products for use	partment of Food and Agriculture (CDFA) has de ts or Huang/opping (HB) a deady often a disa emergency treatment is needed to protect Califi pacts the estabilisment of this pact throughout C pests, it will be necessary to apply the in ethroli, and Mertil Z ² or CoreTect" (imidadops report). These insecticides still adult and/or imma he insecticides are applied using ground-based based on their effectiveness against Asian oft min registration status.	ase, in your neighborhi mia from the negative alifornia would cause, secticides Tempo® S rid), to all citrus trees a ture ACP present on y equipment. CDFA has	ood. CDFA has environmental To prevent the C Ultra (beta- nd host shrubs our citrus trees selected these	
	A to treat the citrus trees on your property, you will his invasive pest, which poses an imminent th			
This treatment i	s free of charge.			
	s scheduled for treatment on as rain or wind, may cause the treatment to be res		orable weather	
	to be present during the treatment as long as g the backyard. The treatment takes only a few m			
	ir gates unlocked.			
	, temporarily secure any pets and their food and w r doors and windows. They may be opened after t			
Move iten	is such as barbecues, lawn furniture, toys, etc. aw	ay from your trees and	shrubs.	
	y to harvest all of the citrus fruit from your trees be fler the treatment date can be left on the tree and			
After the treatm	ent is completed:			
	tact with treated area until the treated area is dry. ar project office before moving any citrus plant mat	terial from your property	1.	
Please visit our	website to learn more about this pest http://ww	w.cdfa.ca.gov/phpps/	acp/	
f you have any q (800) 491-1899.	uestions or a situation that requires special attention	on, please call		
Thank you for y	our cooperation.			
Block Number: Please refer to this bloc	number when contacting our office)			
30-232 (3/14/18)				
Detection/Emergency	Projects • www.cdfa.ca.gov	State of C	alifornia	

If unable to treat, we will leave a green notification.

		OF FOOD AND AGRICULTU COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE
WE WER	E UNABLE TO	TREAT YOUR PROPERTY
Your property was sc	heduled for Asian citrus	psyllid treatment on
We were unable to tre	eat as planned due to the	e reason(s) checked below:
Your gate wa	as locked or a dog was p	present. Your property has been resche
	t on dog on the date of your	. Please unlock your gate and/ scheduled treatment.
Rain and/or	wind. Your property has	been rescheduled for treatment on
	e	
	se call our office at 800-4	
		psyllid, it is important that all properties
If you need to ma	ke special arrangemen	its for this treatment, or if you have a all our office at (800) 491-1899.
		this pest http://www.cdfa.ca.gov/phpps/
This treatment is fre	e of charge.	
Thank you for your c	ooperation.	
BLOCK NUMBER	en contacting our office)	DATE
60-233 (4/13)		

PEST HOTLINE: 1.800.491.1899



Upon completion of treatment, you will receive a yellow notification.

	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE COUNTY AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE
	NOTICE OF INSECTICIDE TREATMENT
The Californi serious inser	a Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA) has detected the Asian citrus psyllid (ACP), a t pest, or Huanglongbing (HLB), a deadly citrus disease, in your neighborhood.
citrus trees o which poses	at approximately
	To learn more about the ACP and HLB, please visit the CDFA website: http://www.cdfa.ca.gov/phpps/acp/
	Tempo® SC Ultra (beta-cyfluthrin) is a formulation of a pyrethvoid contact insecticide for controlling Asian citrus psylid adults and nymphs. This material will be applied a minimum of one time to the foliage of host plants on designated residential properties.
	Merit® 2F (imidacloprid, a systemic insecticide) applied to the soil of all host plants at designated residential properties. The material is taken up into the plant via the root system and provides approximately 12 months of protection against the pest, depending on the soil conditions.
	ConeTect™ (imidacloprid, a systemic insecticide), tablets were applied below the soil surface of host plants at designated residential properties. The material is taken up into the plant via they not system and provides approximately 12 months of protection against the peak depending on the soil conditions.
	lected the insecticide products above based on their effectiveness against ACP, worker and il safety, and California registration status.
•	Once the area has dried, you may use your property as you normally would.
	To prevent the spread of this pest, please do not move plant material off your property without contacting our project office.
	For best results, please irrigate the plants that were treated within 24 hours of treatment.
	are experiencing health problems after this application, call the California Poison Control e at (800) 222-1222(voice), or consult with your physician.
Thank you	for your cooperation.
Plasse mention the 1 60-234 (\$114178)	ABERDATE:
Pest Detection/Emerg	ency Projects State of California (1999 - www.cdfa.ca.gov Gaven Prosector, Governor Gaven Nesson, Governor

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CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD & AGRICULTURE | PUBLIC MEETING INFORMATION

Quarantine

What Plants are Regulated?

Asian citrus psyllid (ACP) and Huanglongbing (HLB) host plants are members of the Rutaceae family which includes all citrus as well as some ornamentals and plants grown for their leaves, such as Makrut lime and *Murraya* spp. (including curry leaf).

A guarantine has been established that includes all areas within 5 miles of each HLB positive tree. With the exception of citrus fruit that has been commercially cleaned and packed, or fruit for personal consumption that has been cleaned of all stems and leaves, ACP and HLB host plants and plant parts are regulated. Movement of regulated host material within and from a guarantine area is prohibited unless it meets regulatory requirements.

What Can I Do to Prevent the Spread of HLB?

Do not move potted citrus plants or other host plants from your property.

Homegrown fruit for personal consumption (under 25 pounds) may move within the quarantine area provided *all stems and leaves are removed*. Sharing fruit is discouraged due of the possibility of ACP hitchhiking to other areas.

What Establishments are Regulated?

PEST HOTLINE:

1.800.491.1899

NURSERIES

Outdoorgrown and maintained citrus nursery stock within the HLB guarantine poses a tremendous threat to spreading HLB and cannot be sold. Only nurseries witha CDFA-approved structure may sell citrus plants with a red HLB quarantine tag.

GREEN WASTE

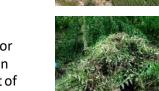
Green waste should be placed in residential yard waste bins or taken to local landfills or green waste recycling centers within the HLB quarantine area. Green waste may only be moved out of the guarantine area if compliant with guarantine requirements.

SWAP MEETS/FARMERS MARKETS

Fruit free from stems and leaves may be sold at swap meets and farmers markets by vendors with a compliance agreement. Mandarin fruit for sale with attached leaf & stem in the HLB quarantine requires a special permit. Nursery stock may not be sold at markets within the HLB quarantine area.

More Quarantine Information? www.cdfa.ca.gov/plant/acp/regulation www.cdfa.ca.gov/plant/hlb/regulation



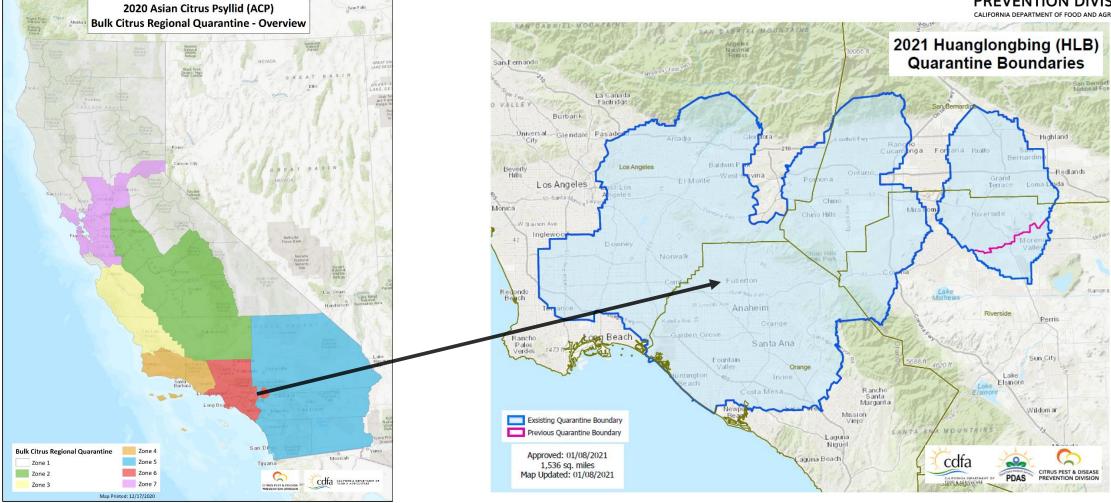






Quarantine Maps







CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD & AGRICULTURE | PUBLIC MEETING INFORMATION

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Questions?

SAVE CITRUS californiacitrusthreat.org



CITRUS PEST & DISEASE PREVENTION DIVISION CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE To ask a question:

 Raise your hand – you will be unmuted and can ask verbally.

2. Type your question into the question box.

