



Public Meeting Information

Asian Citrus Psyllid Control Program



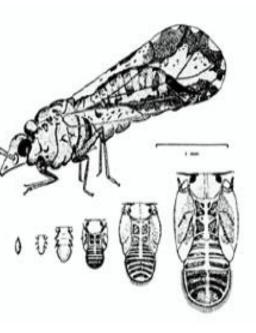
CDFA REPORT A PEST HOTLINE: 1.800.491.1899 www.cdfa.ca.gov/go/reportapest

ACP Lifecycle



Asian Citrus Psyllid Lifecycle

- Eggs laid singly
- 5 nymphal stages
- 10 generations /year
- Life cycle takes 15-47 day s
- Egg to adult in 2 weeks at 75-80° F



Asian Citrus Psyllid Life Stages





Eggs



Adult ACP

Adult feeding with nymphs

Nymphs with waxexudate

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Huanglongbing or Citrus Greening Disease





Lopsided fruit with aborted seeds





Asymmetric leaf mottling

Huanglongbing (HLB), also known as Citrus Greening Disease or Yellow Shoot Disease, is a very destructive bacterial disease of citrus and citrus relatives. It is spread primarily by psyllid insect vectors and through grafting with infected budwood. HLB represents a serious threat to the citrus industry worldwide and especially in California. Three separate strains of HLB have been discovered and identified: Asian, African (South Africa) and South American (Brazil).

Symptoms include yellow shoots, leaf mottle, small upright leaves and lopsided fruits with a bitter flavor. There is no known control or cure for this disease once a tree becomes infected. Diseased trees are non-productive, have a shortened lifespan and must be removed and destroyed to prevent further spread of HLB.

This disease is spread readily by the Asian citrus psyllid (*Diaphorina citri*), which is widespread in Florida, Texas, Hawaii, Southern California and Mexico. The insect vector (both adults and nymphs) feed on the new growth flush. Orange jasmine (*Murraya paniculata*), an ornamental citrus relative, is the preferred host for the psyllid, although all Citrus species are hosts. The Asian strain of HLB was discovered for the first time in August 2005 in Florida, in Texas in February 2012 and in Southern California in March 2012. The first HLB infected citrus tree in California (a pummelo, grafted on lemon) was found in Hacienda Heights, Los Angeles County.

If you suspect you have citrus with HLB disease – based on the presence of the symptoms described or of the insect vector – please contact the California Department of Food and Agriculture at 1-800-491-1899.



Blotchy mottle





Yellow Veins



Buffer Treatment

Treatment will be made by a professional applicator and CDFA staff.

- CDFA will be treating infested areas to eradicate the Asian Citrus Psyllid
- 250-meter buffer surrounding commercial citrus groves
- 2-mile US/Mexico border buffer treatment
- Coordinated treatment with citrus growers in designated Psyllid Management Areas (PMA)





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Active Ingredients





The Asian citrus psyllid (ACP) treatment program will use a product containing beta-cyfluthrin as an active ingredient. The product used by CDFA has the same formulation as products that can be purchased at local home and garden centers.

Beta-cyfluthrin is a synthetic pyrethroid insecticide similar to the natural pyrethrins produced by chrysanthemum flowers. Pyrethroids are one of the most common household insecticides used today. Beta-cyfluthrin products are used in homes, restaurants, hospitals, food processing plants and gardens.



From a Local Home Improvement Store

Beta-Cyfluthrin Product, Imidacloprid Product, Pyrethroid Product



Notifications

Properties will be notified at least 48 hours in advance.

	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AND	AGRICULTURE
	COUNTY AGRICULTURAL COMMISSION	ER'S OFFICE
CONTRACTOR OF	OFFICIAL NOTICE	
	ADVANCE NOTIFICATION OF INSECTICID	ETREATMENT
prevent the sp	of the Asian citrus psyllid (ACP) has been detect ead of this pest, the California Department of Fo voluntary treatment program whereby treatment a.	od and Agriculture (CDFA) has
(imidacloprid) insecticides kil	Tempo® SC Ultra (cyfluthrin), a pyrethroid, and will be applied to all citrus trees and host shrubs adult and/or immature ACP present on your citrus applied using ground-based equipment.	ocated on your property. These
	OFA to treat the citrus trees on your property, you the suppression of this invasive pest. The treatment	
Exotic Pest Ho have any ques	s scheduled for treatment on	. Unfavorable weather
	ed to be present during the treatment as long as including the backyard. The treatment takes only the treatment takes on the takes on takes on the takes	
	our gates unlocked.	
If possil	ole, temporarily secure any pets and their food an our doors and windows. They may be opened aft	nd water dishes indoors.
 Close y Move its shrubs. 	ems such as barbecues, lawn furniture, toys, etc.	away from your trees and
It is <u>not</u> necess fruit to be picke has dried.	eary to harvest all of the citrus fruit from your trees of on or after the treatment date can be left on the	s before the treatment begins. Any tree and harvested after the area
After the treat	ment is completed:	
Avoid c Contact	ontact with treated area until the treated area is o our project office before moving any citrus plant	fry. material from your property.
Please visit o	ir website to learn more about this pest http:	//www.cdfa.ca.gov/phpps/acp/
Thank you for	your cooperation.	
Block Number	ock number when contacting our office)	Date:

If unable to treat, we will leave a green notification with the reason.

COUNTY	AGRICULTURA	OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE
WE WEF	RE UNABLE TO	TREAT YOUR PROPERTY
Your property was se	cheduled for Asian citrus	s psyllid treatment on
We were unable to t	reat as planned due to t	he reason(s) checked below:
Your gate v	vas locked or a dog was	present. Your property has been reschedule
	nt on ur dog on the date of you	. Please unlock your gate and/or ir scheduled treatment.
Rain and/or	r wind. Your property has	s been rescheduled for treatment on
Other. Plea Reason:	ase call our office at 800	
		s psyllid, it is important that all properties insecticide applications in a timely manner.
		nts for this treatment, or if you have any call our office at (800) 491-1899.
Please visit our wel	bsite to learn more abou	t this pest http://www.cdfa.ca.gov/phpps/acp
This treatment is fro	ee of charge.	
Thank you for your	cooperation.	
BLOCK NUMBER	when contacting our offices	DATE

1.800.491.1899 CITRUS PEST & DISEASE PREVENTION DIVISION

PESTHOTLINE:

Upon completion of Treatment you will receive a yellow notification.

	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE COUNTY AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE	
	NOTICE OF INSECTICIDE TREATMENT	
The Californ serious inse	tia Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA) has detected the Asian citrus ps ct pest, or Huanglongbing (HLB), a deadly citrus disease, in your neighborhood.	vilid (ACP), a
citrus trees of which poses	at approximately	treatment of wasive pest.
	To learn more about the ACP and HLB, please visit the CDFA website: <u>http://www.cdfa.ca.gov/phpps/acp/</u>	
	Tempo® SC Ultra (beta-cyfluthrin) is a formulation of a pyrethr insecticide for controlling Asian otrus paylid adults and nymphs. This ma applied a minimum of one time to the foliage of host plants on designate properties.	terial will be
	Merit® 2F (imidacloprid, a systemic insecticide) applied to the soil of all h designated residential properties. The material is taken up into the plant system and provides approximately 12 months of protection against the pes on the soil conditions.	via the root
	CoreTect™ (imidacloprid, a systemic insecticide), tablets were applied soil surface of host plants at designated residential properties. The material into the plant via the root system and provides approximately 12 months a gainst the pest, depending on the soil conditions.	is taken up
CDFA has se environmenta	elected the insecticide products above based on their effectiveness against ACP lal safety, and California registration status.	, worker and
•	Once the area has dried, you may use your property as you normally would.	
•	To prevent the spread of this pest, please do not move plant material off your property without contacting our project office.	
•	For best results, please irrigate the plants that were treated within 24 hours of	treatment.
	are experiencing health problems after this application, call the California Poison ne at (800) 222-1222(voice), or consult with your physician.	n Control
Thank you	for your cooperation.	
BLOCK NUI (Please mention the 85-234 (3/14/18)	MBERDATE:	-
Pest Detection/Emerg	gency Projects State of Calil .1899 • www.cdfa.ca.gov Gaven Newson, Go	



Environmental Monitoring



To ensure protection of human health and the environment, the CDFA has contracted with DPR to oversee environmental monitoring of treatment projects.

- Sampling media include air, leaf, soil, tank, and water.
- Samples are collected before and after treatment in order to analyze the amount of product residue.

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Protecting Pollinators



Protecting native bees and managed hives is an important consideration in agricultural officials' efforts to protect our food supply and environment from invasive pests like the Asian citrus psyllid.

- The Program follows all pesticide labels and bee safe label language.
- Program staff actively look for foraging bees.
- Treatment activities are not conducted if bees are actively foraging on host plants to be treated.
- When bees are present the treatment will be rescheduled for a time when bees are not active, like early morning.

PEST HOTLINE: 1.800.491.1899





When bees are present, we reschedule treatment for early morning when bees are dormant.





Biocontrol

Biological Control Method

- Use of natural enemies to suppress and ٠ control populations of invasive pests.
- Tamarixia radiata identified as ideal ٠ biocontrol agent for Asian citrus psyllid.
- Biocontrol is part of the Integrated Pest . Management plan for Asian citrus psyllid.



Biocontrol Rearing Process





Biocontrol Releases













Asian Citrus Psyllid



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CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD & AGRICULTURE |PUBLIC MEETING INFORMATION

Quarantine

What Plants are Regulated?

Asian citrus psyllid (ACP) and Huanglongbing (HLB) host plants are members of the Rutaceae family which includes all citrus as well as some ornamentals and plants grown for their leaves, such as Makrut lime and *Murraya* spp. (including curry leaf).

What Can I Do to Prevent the Spread of ACP?

Do not move potted citrus plants or other host plants from your property.

Homegrown fruit for personal consumption (under 25 pounds) may move within the quarantine area provided *all stems and leaves are removed*. Sharing fruit is discouraged due of the possibility of ACP hitchhiking to other areas.

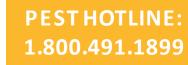
What Establishments are Regulated?

NURSERIES

Outdoor grown and maintained citrus nursery stock poses a threat to spreading ACP.

SWAP MEETS/FARMERS MARKETS

Fruit free from stems and leaves may be sold at swap meets and farmers markets by vendors with a compliance agreement.







More Quarantine Information? /isit our website for the latest regulation informatio <u>www.cdfa.ca.gov/plant/acp/regulation</u> <u>www.cdfa.ca.gov/plant/hlb/regulation</u>



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Questions?

SAVE CITRUS californiacitrusthreat.org



CITRUS PEST & DISEASE PREVENTION DIVISION CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE To ask a question:

 Raise your hand – you will be unmuted and can ask verbally.

2. Type your question into the question box.

