Public Meeting Information

Asian Citrus Psyllid Control Program



Asian Citrus Psyllid (ACP) Life Cycle

- Up to 10 generations per year
- 5 nymph stages
- Life cycle is 15 47 days
- Eggs can reach the adult stage in 2 weeks

Life Stages



Eggs

Nymphs with waxy tubules



Adult

Adult feeding with nymphs



Huanglongbing (HLB)





Lopsided fruit

Blotchy mottling

Asymmetric leaf mottling



Yellow, corked veins

- HLB is a bacterial disease of citrus and citrus relatives, caused by the bacteria Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus.
- HLB is spread by ACP feeding or grafting with infected budwood. ACP ingest the bacteria when they feed on an infected tree and then they spread it to other trees.
- Symptoms include yellow shoots, asymmetric leaf mottle, thick or woody leaf veins, and lopsided, inedible fruit.
- There is no known cure for HLB. Once a tree is infected with HLB, it will die.
- If you suspect you have a citrus tree with HLB, please contact the California Department of Food and Agriculture at 1-800-491-1899.





Survey

CDFA staff will survey the area for the ACP and HLB disease symptoms.







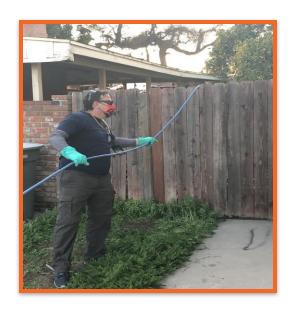
- If ACP is found on your property, a CDFA surveyor will collect leaf samples and any ACP life stages.
- Host plants include all citrus varieties and hybrids (kumquat, mandarin, grapefruit, orange, lemon and lime) and closely related plants like curry leaf and ornamental orange-jasmine.
- All samples are shipped to the CDFA Plant Pest Diagnostics Center in Sacramento, California for analysis.
- If a sample is confirmed positive for ACP or the HLB disease, the resident will be notified.





Treatment

- CDFA will be treating citrus trees to eradicate the ACP.
- Treatment will be applied by a professional applicator or CDFA staff.





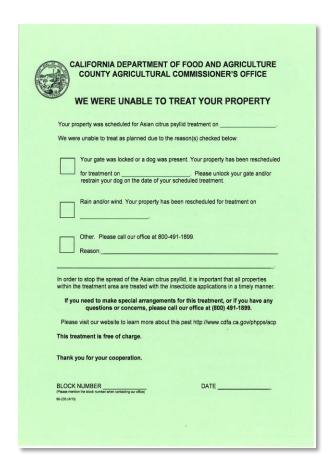




Notifications



48-hour notification



Reschedule notification

	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMI COUNTY AGRICULTU			cdfa
	NOTICE OF INS	SECTICIDE TREAT	MENT	
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citrus trees or which poses	at approximum at	low. By allowing CDFA to huge contribution to the 's environment and econ	suppression of this	y treatment of invasive pest.
		he ACP and HLB, pleas		
	Tempo® SC Ultra (beta-cy insecticide for controlling Asia applied a minimum of one tim properties.	fluthrin) is a formula	ition of a pyreth nd nymphs. This m	aterial will be
	Merit® 2F (imidacloprid, a systesignated residential propertic system and provides approxima on the soil conditions.	es. The material is take	n up into the plant	via the root
	CoreTect™ (imidacloprid, a soil surface of host plants at d into the plant via the root syst against the pest, depending on t	esignated residential pro em and provides approx	perties. The materia	al is taken up
CDFA has sel environmenta	lected the insecticide products ab I safety, and California registration	ove based on their effect n status.	iveness against AC	P, worker and
•	Once the area has dried, you ma	ay use your property as y	ou normally would.	
•	To prevent the spread of this pe property without contacting our p	st, please do not move pl project office.	ant material off your	
•	For best results, please irrigate t	he plants that were treate	d within 24 hours o	f treatment.
	are experiencing health problems e at (800) 222-1222(voice), or cor		the California Poise	on Control
Thank you f	or your cooperation.			
BLOCK NUN (Please mention the bit 80-234 (3/14/18)	MBER_ look number when contacting our office)	DAT	E:	_
Pest Detection/Emerge	ency Projects 899 • www.cdfa.ca.gov		State of Cal Gavin Newsom, G	

Post-treatment notification



Pest Hotline: 1.800.491.1899

CITRUS PEST & DISEASE PREVENTION DIVISION CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

Active Ingredients

- The ACP treatment program uses products containing the active ingredients imidacloprid and beta-cyfluthrin.
- Imidacloprid is a systemic insecticide. It is available in a variety of home garden products and flea treatments for dogs and cats.
- Beta-cyfluthrin is a foliar applied insecticide, that is similar to a compound found in chrysanthemum flowers. Beta-cyfluthrin products are used in homes, restaurants, hospitals, food processing plants and gardens.



Tempo SC Ultra Beta-cyfluthrin product



Merit 2F Imidacloprid product



CoreTect Imidacloprid product



Tree Removal

- There is no cure for HLB; once a tree is infected it will die.
- If an HLB positive tree is found, the tree will be removed to prevent spreading the disease to other healthy trees.







Environmental Consultation and Monitoring

- Consultations are conducted with other State and Federal agencies prior to beginning any activity.
- Monitoring is conducted when activities move into new counties.
 - Air, soil, leaf and fruit samples are collected and tested for pesticide levels before and after applications.



Protecting Pollinators

- Protecting native bees and managed hives is essential to maintaining our food supply and the environment.
- CDFA staff actively look for foraging bees and take precautions to prevent pesticide drift.
- The program follows all pesticide labels and instructions for bee safety.
- CDFA will not treat if bees are actively foraging.







More info online at www.cdfa.ca.gov/plant/pollinators



Biological Control

- Tamarixia radiata is an effective biocontrol agent and a natural enemy of ACP.
- The use of biocontrol agents alone is not enough to stop the spread of ACP.
- Strategic releases, along with treatment applications, help suppress ACP populations.
- Tamarixia are not a threat to humans or pets.



ACP Mummy



Tamarixia radiata



Tamarixia and ACP



Tamarixia laying eggs on an ACP nymph

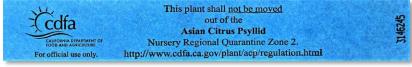


Quarantine

- ACP and HLB quarantines help prevent the spread of citrus pests and protect California's citrus.
- Homegrown fruit for personal consumption (under 25 pounds) without stems and leaves may be moved within the quarantine.
- Sharing fruit is discouraged.



- Only buy citrus nursery stock from reputable sources within your ACP quarantine zone.
- Contact CDFA prior to moving citrus plants or fruit from your quarantine zone.

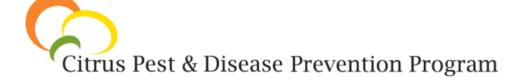


For more quarantine information:

www.cdfa.ca.gov/citrus/pests_diseases /acp/regulation



https://californiacitrusthreat.org

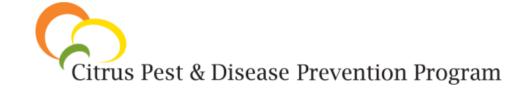


EASE PROTECT YOUR CITRUS CALIFORNIA CITRUS NEWS RESOURCES CONTACT



A Threat to California Citrus

A plant disease that kills citrus trees has been found in California. The disease, called Huanglongbing or citrus greening disease, isn't harmful to humans, but it is fatal for citrus trees and has no cure. The disease is spread by a pest called the Asian citrus psyllid as it feeds on citrus tree leaves. Until researchers find a solution, California homeowners who enjoy growing fresh citrus fruit in their yards, and



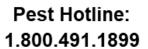
PEST & DISEASE PROTECT YOUR CITRUS CALIFORNIA CITRUS NEWS RESOURCES

Public Meetings

In addition to being available on <u>CDFA's website</u>, presentations for recent public meetings are available on <u>CaliforniaCitrusThreat.org</u>. Presentations include information the pest and disease, upcoming ac agricultural officials in specific communities and regulations in place to limit the spread of the ps

Learn More







https://californiacitrusthreat.org

« June		August »

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY
29	30	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28 CDFA Ventura County Public Meeting	CDFA Orange County Public Meeting	30	31	1	2

« June August »

Webinar Public Meeting on Treatment Plans in Your Neighborhood

A tiny insect called the Asian citrus psyllid has been found nearby and can spread a deadly citrus tree disease called Huanglongbing as it feeds on citrus tree leaves. Emergency treatment and quarantine action is needed to protect California from the negative economic and environmental impacts the establishment of this pest and disease would cause.

The best way to protect citrus trees from Huanglongbing is to stop the spread of the Asian citrus psyllid (ACP). The California Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA) has consulted with scientists and pest experts about methods to prevent the spread of the ACP through treatments. Treatments are ONLY for citrus and are free of cost. All residents of properties scheduled for treatment for ACP will be notified at least 48 hours prior to the application. A webinar meeting for your area has been organized by CDFA to address planned treatment activities.

Documents

Meeting Presentation (English)

Presentación de la reunión (Español)

Ventura County Notice of Treatment

Map: Camarillo East (Ventura County)

Map: Camarillo, El Rio (Ventura County)

Map: Camarillo West (Ventura County)

Map: Moorpark (Ventura County)

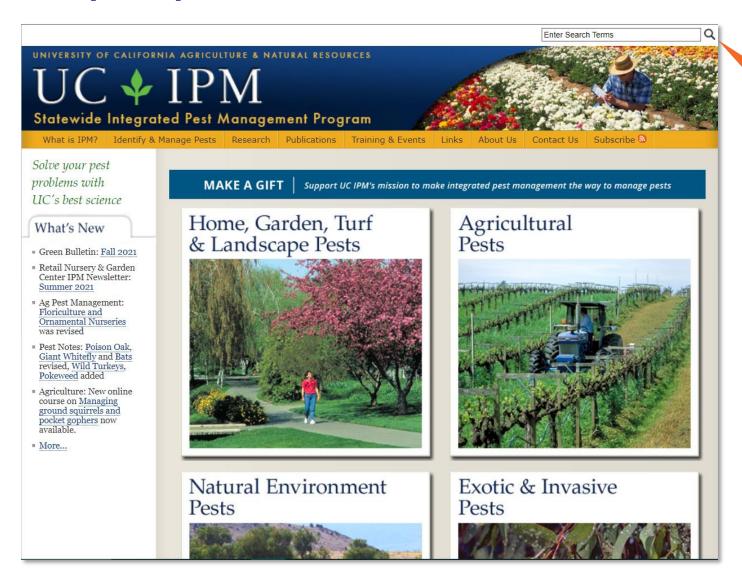
Map: Santa Paula (Ventura County)

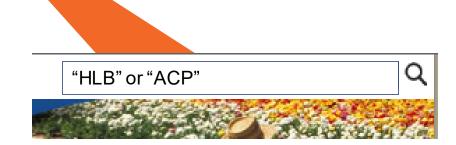
Tempo Insecticidal Products Q&A

Merit Insecticidal Products Q&A



http://ipm.ucanr.edu/

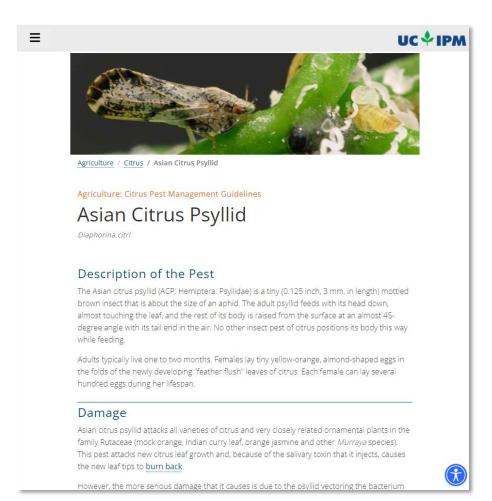


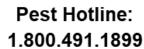




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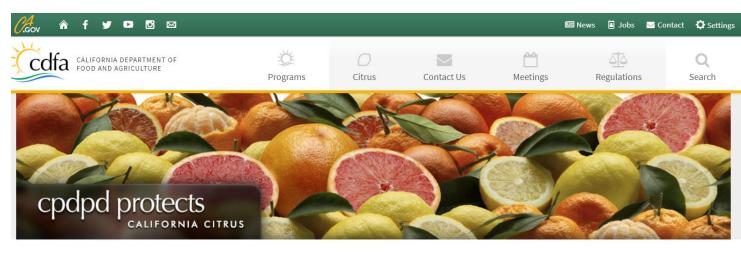








https://www.cdfa.ca.gov/citrus/



CDFA Home | Citrus Pest and Disease Prevention Division

Citrus Pest and Disease Prevention Division

1220 "N" Street, Sacramento, CA 95814 • 916-274-6300 • cdfa.cpdpd@cdfa.ca.gov

A Pest Hotline: 1-800-491-1899

The California Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA) established the Citrus Pest and Disease Prevention Program (CPDPP) in 2009 to sustain and protect California citrus in accordance with the Food and Agriculture Code, section 5911-5940. In response to increasing pest and disease pressure, the Citrus Pest and Disease Prevention Committee recommended that CDFA seek dedicated resources to implement the CPDPP. Dedicated resources were secured in the 2019 Budget Act and the Citrus Pest and Disease Prevention Division (CPDPD) was established in July 2019. CPDPP activities previously carried out by the CDFA Plant Health and Pest Prevention Services Division have been transitioned





- What to Expect when CDFA is Inspecting, Trapping and Treating
- ▶ Health Questions and Answers CoreTect®
- ▶ Health Questions and Answers Merit® 2F
- ▶ Health Questions and Answers Tempo® SC Ultra
- Analyses regarding the state of ACP and HLB in California





https://www.cdfa.ca.gov/plant/reportapest/



If you think you have a pest, you can report it by:

- Completing the CDFA "Report a Pest Sighting" form
 - Submit online or by mail
 - o Include photos if possible

or

Calling the Pest Hotline at 1-800-491-1899



Thank you for attending!

- https://californiacitrusthreat.org
- http://ipm.ucanr.edu/
- https://www.cdfa.ca.gov/citrus/
- https://www.cdfa.ca.gov/plant/reportapest/

